MATH 3350. Test 2 (Harvey Spring 2012).

Name (5 points):

[No books or notes are allowed. Please show all of your work.]

1. (6 points) Definition: A group G is *cyclic* if ...

2. (6 points) Definition: If g is an element of a group G, then the order of g is ...

3. (6 points) If G is a cyclic group with order n, what is the connection between the subgroups of G and the number n?

- 4. (10 points) Multiply the permutations. Write your answer as a product of disjoint cycles.
  - (a)  $(135)(246) \cdot (256)(13)$
  - (b)  $(12)(3578) \cdot (26)(35)(57)$
- 5. (8 points) Draw the subgroup lattice of the group  $\mathbb{Z}_{45}$ .

6. (6 points) Give an example of an abelian group with exactly 24 elements. Give an example of a non-abelian group with exactly 24 elements.

7. (12 points) What are the orders of the following elements in their groups?

(a) 4 in U(7)

(b) 12 in  $\mathbb{Z}_{20}$ 

(c) (132) in  $S_3$ 

(d) (13)(2468)(579) in  $S_9$ 

8. (6 points) Give an example of two different elements in a cyclic group that generate the same subgroup.

9. (6 points) Let H be the subgroup of order 6 in  $\mathbb{Z}_{30}$ . List all the elements of H. List all the generators of H.

10. (10 points) Prove that U(20) is not cyclic.

11. (10 points) Consider the group  $\mathbb{Q}$  (with +) and a subset H of it consisting of all rational numbers that can be written in the form  $a/3^b$ , where a, b are integers. That is,

$$H = \left\{ \frac{a}{3^b} \in \mathbb{Q} \, \Big| \, a, b \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}.$$

Prove that H is a subgroup of  $\mathbb{Q}$ .

12. (10 points) In a group G, let a and b be elements with finite order, say |a| = m and |b| = n. Prove that if  $a \cdot b$  has infinite order, then G is non-abelian.

I certify as a student at The University of Virginia's College at Wise that I have neither received nor given aid on this test.